The development of Pirton's timber framed buildings

Terminology

Ridge Purlin Bargeboard Wall Gable Rafter plate Louvre Panel Cross wing Tie beam $Bay \rightarrow \leftarrow Bay \rightarrow$ Jefty 毒 Ŧ Post Bracket Stud Door head Sill plate d Rail Brack Mullion Bressummer Plinth

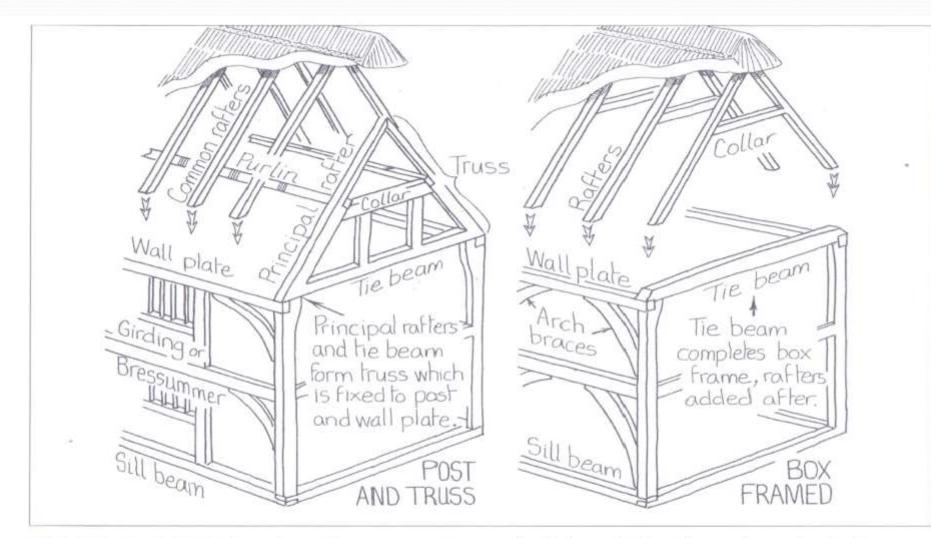
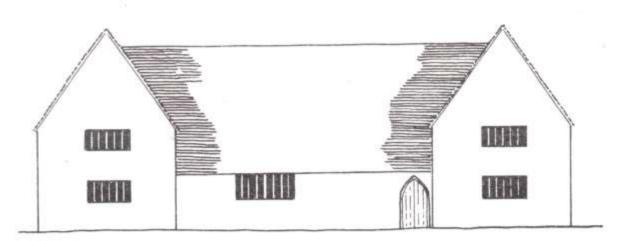


FIG 5.8: Labelled drawing of a post and truss building (left) where the principal rafters are part of the cross wall with thinner common rafters between and a box framed building (right) in which similar sized rafters are separate from the structure below.

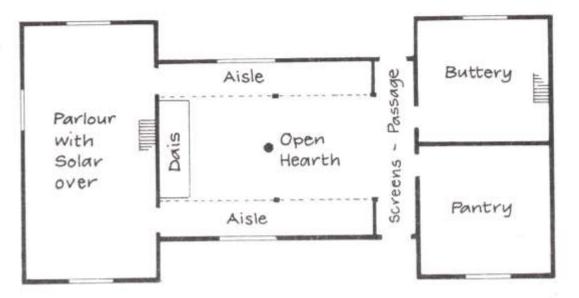




The development of the timber framed house.

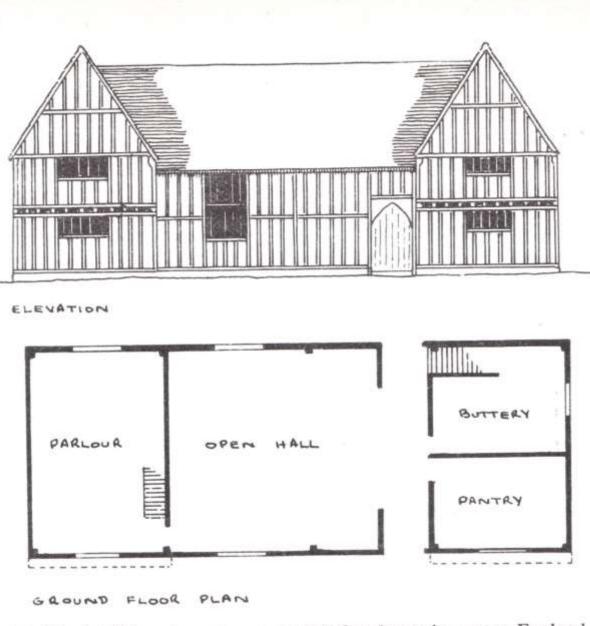


Elevation

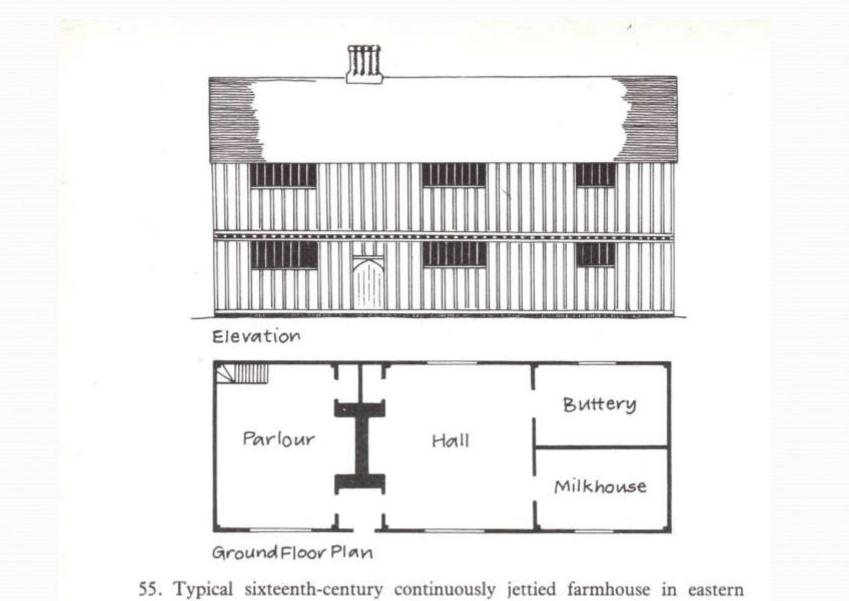


Ground Floor Plan

6. Typical aisled house with two cross-wings.



13. Typical fifteenth-century open-hall farmhouse in eastern England.



England.

plate 48

LABOURERS' ACCOMMODATION



[3] Bedfordshire, Great Barford, Even Nos. 92–102, Green End. Range of cottages built in c. 1800.

What are we looking for?

Roof structure Wall construction Joints Windows and openings Other architectural features

Inside the roof

































Changing roofs













Wall structure and joints























































Windows and openings













Fireplaces



















Apotropaic Marks









House or barn?







